Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1: Product and co	ompany identification
Product name	: RUST CONVERTER
Use of the substance/mixture	: Aerosol
	Coating
Product code	: 8346
Company	: Cosmoline Direct LLC
	13631 YELLOWSTONE DRIVE
	Santa Ana, 92705 - US T 866-802-2906
	1 000-002-2300
SECTION 2: Hazards identif	ication
2.1. Classification of the sub	stance or mixture
GHS-US classification	
Flam. Aerosol 1 H222	
Eye Irrit. 2A H319 STOT SE 3 H336	
STOT SE 3 H336 STOT RE 2 H373	
5101 RE 2 11375	
2.2. Label elements	
GHS US labelling Hazard pictograms (GHS US)	
	GHS02 GHS07 GHS08
Signal word (GHS US) Hazard statements (GHS US)	 Danger Extremely flammable aerosol. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements (GHS US	 S) : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid breathing gas. Wash thoroughly after handling Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection, face protection.
	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a doctor, a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Dispose of contents/container to comply with local/regional/national/international regulations.

No additional information available

Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US) 2.4.

Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substances 3.1.

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Acetone	(CAS-No.) 67-64-1	40-60	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
			STOT SE 3, H336

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Isobutane	(CAS-No.) 75-28-5	10-20	Not classified
Dimethyl Ether	(CAS-No.) 115-10-6	10-20	Not classified
Ethylene Glycol	(CAS-No.) 107-21-1	2.5-10	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			STOT SE 1, H370
			STOT RE 2, H373
Tannic Acid	(CAS-No.) 1401-55-4	2.5-10	Not classified
Isopropanol	(CAS-No.) 67-63-0	2.5-10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
			STOT SE 3, H336
Propane	(CAS-No.) 74-98-6	2.5-10	Flam. Gas 1, H220
			Press. Gas (Comp.), H280
Oxalic Acid	(CAS-No.) 144-62-7	1-2.5	Not classified

All hazardous chemicals, as determined by 29 CFR 1910.1200 have been listed. A specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret. Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measu	ires
First-aid measures general	: If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. show this sheet where possible. Keep victim warm and rested.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen if necessary. Do not apply mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately.
First-aid measures after skin contact	 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
First-aid measures after eye contact	 Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. If a contact lens is present, DO NOT delay irrigation or attempt to remove the lens. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth with water. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Drink plenty of water. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
4.2. Most important symptoms an	d effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/effects	 Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. nausea, vomiting. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Irritation to throat.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	 Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea. Vomiting.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: No effects known.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed. Keep watching the victim.

5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Water fog. Alcohol-resistant foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a water jet since it may cause the fire to spread.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	m the substance or mixture
Fire hazard	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Under fire conditions closed containers may rupture or explode. Combustion produces irritating gases.
Explosion hazard : Contents under pressure. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.	
Explosion hazard	. Contento anaci pressare: i ressansea container. May barst i neatea.

: Not expected to present a significant ingestion hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Symptoms/effects after ingestion

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Firefighting instructions	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protect	
SECTION 6: Accidental relea	ise measures
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
General measures	 Stay upwind/keep distance from source. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Vapours may travel long distances along ground before igniting/flashing back to vapour source.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personn	el
Protective equipment	 Do not enter without an appropriate protective equipment. Advise local authorities if considered necessary. Do not touch spilled material. Ventilate the area thoroughly, especially low lying areas (basements, workpits etc).
Emergency procedures	: Do not breathe gas. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Keep upwind. Ventilate spillage area.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Stop release. Ventilate area.

6.2. **Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Advise local authorities if considered necessary. Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Do not allow to enter drains or water courses.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
For containment	Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Prevent the product from entering drains or confined areas. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Stop leak if safe to do so. Stop the leak. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the escape of liquid. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Collect spillage.		
Methods for cleaning up	: Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Dispose as hazardous waste.		

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and stora	age	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling		
Additional hazards when processed	: Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.	
Precautions for safe handling Hygiene measures	 Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with skin. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling may be harmful or fatal. Do not breathe gas/vapour/aerosol. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Do not smoke while handling product. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Observe normal hygiene standards. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Wash thoroughly after handling. 	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, i	ncluding any incompatibilities	
Technical measures	 Pressurized container. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. 	
Storage conditions	 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Refrigerate. 	
Storage temperature	: < 49 °C	
Storage area	: Aerosol 2.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control pa	rameters	
Ethylene Glycol (1	07-21-1)	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	25 ppm (V - Vapor fraction)
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m ³ (I - Inhalable particulate matter, H - Aerosol only)
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	50 ppm (V - Vapor fraction)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a
		Human Carcinogen)

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Tannic Acid (1401-55-4)

Not applicable

Isopropanol (67-63-0)			
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	200 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	400 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	980 mg/m ³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	400 ppm	

Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	250 ppm		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	500 ppm		
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not		
		classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI		
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	2400 mg/m ³		
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	1000 ppm		

Propane (74-98-6)

ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	1000 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Simple Asphyxiant
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	1800 mg/m ³
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	1000 ppm

Isobutane (75-28-5)

ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	1000 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	CNS impair

Dimethyl Ether (115-10-6)

Not applicable

Oxalic Acid (144-62-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	1 mg/m ³
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	2 mg/m ³
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT, eye, & skin irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	1 mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. . Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. . Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Personal protective equipment

: Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Use appropriate personal protective equipment when risk assessment indicates this is necessary.



9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties			
9.1. Information on basic p	nysical and chemical properties		
Physical state	: Gas		
Appearance	: Aerosol,brown		
Odour	: Solvent-like odour		
Odour threshold	: No data available		
рH	: No data available		

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Melting point Freezing point Boiling point Flash point Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) Flammability Explosive limits Explosive properties Oxidising properties Oxidising properties Vapour pressure Relative density Relative density Relative vapour density at 20°C Density Solubility Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	 No data available No data available 74.69 °F Estimated -156 °F Propellant estimated No data available
a	
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Toxic gases may be formed. irritating gases. In case of fire, corrosive gases come free.

10.2. Chemical stability

Risk of explosion. Risk of ignition. Unstable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Open flame. Sparks. Aerosol containers are unstable at temperatures above 49°C. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. . Incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Peroxides. Fluorine. Chlorine. Do not mix with other chemicals. May form an explosive mixture in the presence of air.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Phosphorous oxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation			
11.1. Information on toxicologica	l effects			
Acute toxicity	: Not classifie	: Not classified		
Ethylene Glycol (107-21-1)				
LD50 oral rat	4700 mg/kg			
LD50 dermal rabbit	10626 mg/k	g		
ATE CLP (oral)	500 mg/kg b	500 mg/kg bodyweight		
ATE CLP (dermal)	10626 mg/k	10626 mg/kg bodyweight		
Tannic Acid (1401-55-4)				
LD50 oral rat	2260 mg/kg			
ATE CLP (oral)	2260 mg/kg	2260 mg/kg bodyweight		
Isopropanol (67-63-0)				
LD50 oral rat	5840 mg/kg day(s))	bodyweight (Equivalent or s	similar to OECD 401, Rat, Experimental va	lue, Oral, 14
LD50 dermal rabbit	16400 ml/kg day(s))	16400 ml/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]		 > 10000 ppm (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 6 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s)) 		
ATE CLP (oral)	5840 mg/kg	bodyweight		
ssue date: 1/8/2021 Rev	ision date: 01/11/2016	Version: 1.1		Page 5 of 8

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16400000 mg/kg bodyweight	
500 mg/kg bodyweight	
1100 mg/kg bodyweight	
: Not classified	
: Causes serious eye irritation.	
: Not classified	
: Not classified	
: Not classified	
3 - Not classifiable	
3 - Not classifiable	
: Not classified	
: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
: Not applicable	
: Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea. Vomiting.	
: No effects known.	
: Causes serious eye irritation.	
: Not expected to present a significant ingestion hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.	
: Skin and eyes contact;Inhalation	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	
Isopropanol (67-63-0)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	9640 – 10000 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through
	system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
LC50 - Fish [2]	9640 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas

Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily
biodegradable in water.
1.19 g O ₂ /g substance
2.23 g O ₂ /g substance
2.4 g O ₂ /g substance

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Isopropanol (67-63-0)		
BCF - Fish [1]	1015 (BCFBAF v3.01, Estimated value)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.05 (Weight of evidence approach, 25 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
Waste treatment methods	: Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush.	
Product/Packaging disposal : Dispose of contents/container to comply with local/regional/national regulations. recommendations		
SECTION 14: Transport informati	on	
Department of Transportation (DOT)		
Transport document description (DOT)	: UN1950 Aerosols flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity), 2.1	

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UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1950
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Aerosols
	flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)
Class (DOT) Hazard labels (DOT)	: 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115 : 2.1 - Flammable gas
Marine pollutant	: Yes (IMDG only)
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: None
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: None
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: N82
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 306
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 75 kg
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 150 kg
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 25 - Protected from sources of heat,87 - Stow "separated from" Class 1 (explosives) except Division 14,126 - Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials
Additional information	
Other information	: When transported by ground, this product may be eligible to be shipped as a Limited Quantity utilizing the exception found at 49 CFR 173.306. If any alteration of packaging, product, or mode of transportation is further intended, different shipping names and labeling may be required.
ADR	
No additional information available	
Transport by sea	
UN-No. (IMDG)	: UN1950

Transport by sea		
UN-No. (IMDG)	: UN1950	
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: AEROSOLS	
Class (IMDG)	: 2.1 - Flammable gases	
Air transport		
UN-No. (IATA)	: UN1950	
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Aerosols, flammable	
Class (IATA)	: 2.1 - Gases : Flammable	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Ethylene Glycol (107-21-1)			
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutar	i (HAPS)		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb		
	This product can expose you to Acetaldehyde, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Ethylene glycol (ingested), which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.		
SECTION 16: Other information			
Training advice :	Normal use of this product shall imply use in accordance with the instructions on the packaging.		

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NFPA health hazard	 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury. 	2 1
NFPA fire hazard	 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions. 	
NFPA reactivity	: 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.	

Prepared by: Technical Department

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results obtained from the use thereof. Our company assumes no responsibility for personal injury or property damage to the vendee, users or third parties caused by the material. Such vendees or users assume all risks associated with the use of this material.